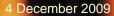
# The impact of a mental health curriculum in Francophone schools





### Health Canada

#### Lack of services and resources

Mental health

- Rural region
- Francophone children and adolescents

### Did you know...

Second leading cause of infirmity by 2020 (WHO)

1 in 5 have mental health problems

Large % experience onset in childhood

20% of children have emotional problems

### Did you know... (Cont.)

10% have serious problems at school, at home, with friends

Depression 3-10 times more likely to occur in adolescence

Large % (> 75%) do not receive adequate treatment

80% respond well to treatment

4 December 2009

### Did you know... (Cont.)

- Suicide rates in Canada
  - Third highest rate
  - Ages 15 to 19
- Suicide is the second leading cause of death for Canadian teenagers, after accidents

UNICEF

### Stigma

63% cite shame, fear, peer pressure as major barriers to seeking help Moreover,... 38% of parents would be ashamed to admit that their child has a mental health disorder

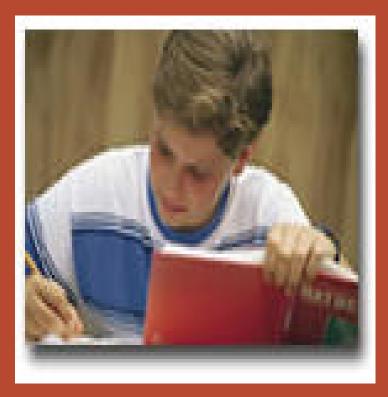


### Mental health

Directly affects the ability of children to learn and benefit from education

#### Unresolved disorders can lead to:

- Learning problems
- Decreased academic performance
- Truancy
- Dropping out
- Special education referral



### Long-term consequences

- Alcohol abuse
- Trouble with the law
- Infirmity into adulthood
- Potential for reduced economic status



### What is needed?

- Mental health is one aspect of a person's overall health
- Increase knowledge, change attitudes toward mental health

If we teach our children early on to be comfortable with the concept of mental health, they will be more likely to seek help if they believe that they have a problem (dispelling stigma).

## Curriculum

Implementation phase September to January 2002

### Educational materials

#### Express their feelings

#### Recognize normal feelings

 "Highs" and the "lows" are normal; sadness, fear, can be expected

## Recognize warning signs (know when to be concerned)

- Signs and symptoms
- Duration of symptoms
- Creating problems at school, at home or with friends

### Educational materials

Depression, anxiety disorders, attention deficit disorder with/without hyperactivity (behaviours that can interfere with learning)
Increase the likelihood of the child in asking for help

 parents, teachers, an aunt, uncle, grandparents

Available resources

### Warning signs

 <u>Signs do not confirm or exclude a</u> <u>disorder</u>

 It is not our job to identify or diagnose a disorder

Warning signs ≠ Depression (T ≠ meningitis)

### Messages to teachers

- The goal is to encourage the student to confide in someone
- The teacher
  - Listens and refers the student to the appropriate resource
  - Does not act as a counsellor

### Pilot project results

#### Baseline data

Little knowledge and some negative attitudes regarding mental illnesses Response rate increased substantially Postcurriculum data suggest Improved attitudes towards mental health Statistically significant improvement in mental health knowledge Better knowledge of effective help-seeking strategies

### Children's attitudes

Would you befriend someone with....?

Α	ssessment time	Baseline $(n = 92)$			January (n = 84)			
I	Aental disorder	Depression	<u>Anxiety</u>	<u>ADD</u>	Depression	Anxiety	ADD	
	% response rate	59	33	30	96	86	94	
	% responding "Yes"	70	37	43	79	83	87	
	% responding "No"	26	57	50	20	15	11	
%	ambiguous responses	4	7	7	1	1	1	

### Children's knowledge

•Distribution: knowledge of disorders: What do you think \_\_\_\_ is?

Ass	essment time	Baseline $(n = 92)$			January (n = 84)			
	Mental disorder	<u>Depression</u>	<u>Anxiety</u>	<u>ADD</u>	<u>Depression</u>	Anxiety	ADD	
	% Complete	0	0	0	0	0	4	
	% Partial	4	3	0	10	54	20	
	% Little	38	1	8	44	5	39	
	% None	58	96	<i>92</i>	46	42	37	

# Distribution: ability to recommend appropriate actions

#### If a child has \_\_\_\_, what do you think he or she should do?

Assessment time	Baseline $(n = 92)$			January $(n = 84)$		
Mental disorder	Depression	<u>Anxiety</u>	<u>ADD</u>	Depression	<u>Anxiety</u>	<u>ADD</u>
% 2 effective strategies	3	0	0	10	8	8
% 1 effective strategy	16	2	4	38	36	35
% incomplete idea(s)	13	2	1	30	26	24
% inappropriate / no idea	67	96	<b>95</b>	23	30	33

Level of comfort discussing mental health and asking for help for mental health disorders

• All children in grades 1 to 3

Students in grades 4 to 7 spoke openly about mental health but not about their feelings

#### Long-term goal of the project

- The education department adopted this program for the curriculum for Anglophone and Francophone schools in Nova Scotia
- Make the materials accessible in Canadian schools